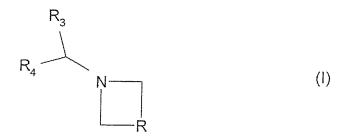
# Amendment Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.121

#### IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims set forth below with amendments as indicated will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

(currently amended) A combination composition comprising one or more products
which activate dopaminergic neurotransmission in the brain a dopaminergic
agonist and of one or more CB1 antagonist azetidine derivatives of formula I:



wherein

either A:

R is  $CR_1R_2$ ,  $C=C(R_5)SO_2R_6$  or  $C=C(R_7)SO_2$ alk; wherein

either  $R_1$  is hydrogen and  $R_2$  is -C( $R_8$ )( $R_9$ )( $R_{10}$ ), -C( $R_8$ )( $R_{11}$ )( $R_{12}$ ),

-CO-NR $_{13}$ R $_{14}$ , -CH $_2$ -CO-NR $_{13}$ R $_{14}$ , -CH $_2$ -CO-R $_6$ , -CO-cycloalkyl,

 $-SO-R_6, -SO_2-R_6, -C(OH)(R_{12})(R_6), -C(OH)(R_6)(alkyl), -C(=NOalk)R_6, \\$ 

-CH( $R_6$ )NR<sub>31</sub>R<sub>32</sub>, -CH( $R_6$ )NHSO<sub>2</sub>alk, -CH( $R_6$ )NHCONHalk or

-CH(R<sub>6</sub>)NHCOalk; or

 $R_1$  is alkyl, NH-R  $_{\!15}$  , cyano, -S-alk-NR  $_{\!16}R_{17}$  , -CH  $_{\!2}$  -NR  $_{\!18}R_{19}$  or -NR  $_{\!20}R_{21}$  ; and

 $R_2$  is  $-C(R_8)(R_{11})(R_{12})$ ;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are either alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl chosen from phenyl, naphthyl or indenyl, wherein aryl being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy,

formyl, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, -CO-alk, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR $_{22}$ R $_{23}$ , -CO-NH-NR $_{24}$ R $_{25}$ , alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, hydroxyalkyl or -alk-NR $_{24}$ R $_{25}$ ; or heteroaryl chosen from benzofuryl, benzothiazolyl, benzothienyl, benzoxazolyl, chromanyl, 2,3-dihydroxybenzofuryl, 2,3-dihydrobenzothienyl, furyl, imidazolyl, isochromanyl, isoquinolyl, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, thiazolyl and thienyl, wherein heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CO-NH-NR $_{24}$ R $_{25}$ , -CONR $_{22}$ R $_{23}$ , -alk-NR $_{24}$ R $_{25}$ , alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl or hydroxyalkyl;

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl;

 $R_6$  is  $Ar_1$  or  $Het_1$ ;

R<sub>7</sub> is cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl or heterocyclenyl optionally substituted by -CSO-phenyl;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl;

R<sub>9</sub> is -CO-NR<sub>26</sub>R<sub>27</sub>, -COOH, -COOalk, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -NH-CO-NH-alk, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NHR<sub>28</sub> or -NHCOOalk;

 $R_{10}$  is  $Ar_1$  or  $Het_1$ ;

 $R_{11}$  is  $-SO_2$ -alk,  $-SO_2$ -Ar<sub>1</sub> or  $-SO_2$ -Het<sub>1</sub>;

 $R_{12}$  is hydrogen,  $Ar_1$  or  $Het_1$ ;

 $R_{13}$  is hydrogen or alkyl;

 $R_{14}$  is  $Ar_1$ ,  $Het_1$ , -alk- $Ar_1$  or -alk- $Het_1$ ;

 $R_{15}$  is alkyl, cycloalkyl or -alk-NR<sub>29</sub>R<sub>30</sub>;

R<sub>16</sub> and R<sub>17</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are either hydrogen or alkyl; or

 $R_{16}$  and  $R_{17}$  taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3 to 10 ring membered mono- or 5 to 10 ring membered bicyclic heterocycle, optionally comprising one or more other heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted by one or more alkyl;

R<sub>18</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl;

- R<sub>19</sub> is hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, -SO<sub>2</sub>alk, -CO-NHalk or -COOalk; or
- R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub> taken with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3 to 10 ring membered mono- or 5 to 10 ring membered bicyclic heterocycle, optionally comprising one or more heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted by one or more alkyl;
- -NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub> is a saturated or unsaturated monocyclic heterocycle having 3 to 8 ring members and optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur;
- $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl; or
- R<sub>22</sub> and R<sub>23</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one more alkyl;
- R<sub>24</sub> and R<sub>25</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen, alkyl, -COOalk, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, -alk-O-alk or hydroxyalkyl; or
- R<sub>24</sub> and R<sub>25</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or

- more alkyl, -COalk, -CO-NHalk, -CS-NHalk, oxo, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-O-alk or -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>;
- R<sub>26</sub> and R<sub>27</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, -alk-COOalk, -alk-Ar<sub>1</sub>, alk-Het<sub>1</sub>, Het<sub>1</sub> or -alk-N(alk)<sub>2</sub>; or
- R<sub>26</sub> and R<sub>27</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members and optionally comprising one or more heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted by one or more alkyl, alkoxy or halogen;
- R<sub>28</sub> is -CH<sub>2</sub>-alk, benzyl, -SO<sub>2</sub>alk, -CONHalk, -COalk, cycloalkylalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl or -CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, wherein n is an integer from 1 to 3;
- $R_{29}$  and  $R_{30}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl; or
- R<sub>29</sub> and R<sub>30</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl radicals;
- $R_{31}$  and  $R_{32}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen, alkyl,  $Ar_1$  or -alk- $Ar_1$ ; or
- R<sub>31</sub> and R<sub>32</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle chosen from aziridinyl, azetidinyl, pyrrolidinyl and piperidinyl;
- Ar<sub>1</sub> is phenyl or naphthyl optionally substituted by one or more substituents chosen from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, -CO-alk, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub>, -CO-NH-NR<sub>24</sub>R<sub>25</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-NR<sub>24</sub>R<sub>25</sub>, -NR<sub>24</sub>R<sub>25</sub>, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, hydroxyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>1</sub>, O-alk-NH-cycloalkyl or SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>;

Het<sub>1</sub> is a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members and comprising one or more heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, -CONR<sub>22</sub>R<sub>23</sub>, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, oxo or SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>;

or B: wherein

R is CHR<sub>33</sub>; wherein

 $R_{33}$  is -NHCOR<sub>34</sub> or -N( $R_{35}$ )-Y- $R_{36}$ ;

Y is CO or  $SO_2$ ;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are identical or different, are either aryl chosen from phenyl, naphthyl and indenyl, wherein aryl being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, formyl, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, -CO-alk, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR<sub>37</sub>R<sub>38</sub>, -CO-NH-NR<sub>39</sub>R<sub>40</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, hydroxyalkyl or -alk-NR<sub>37</sub>R<sub>38</sub>; or heteroaryl chosen from benzofuryl, benzothiazolyl, benzothienyl, benzoxazolyl, chromanyl, 2,3-dihydro-benzofuryl, 2,3-dihydro-benzothienyl, pyrimidinyl, furyl, imidazolyl, isochromanyl, isoquinolyl, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, thiazolyl and thienyl, wherein heteroaryl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CO-NH-NR<sub>39</sub>R<sub>40</sub>, -CONR<sub>37</sub>R<sub>38</sub>, -alk-NR<sub>39</sub>R<sub>40</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, or hydroxyalkyl;

R<sub>34</sub> is -alk-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>41</sub>, -alk-SO<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH-R<sub>41</sub>, Het<sub>2</sub> substituted by -SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>41</sub> or phenyl substituted by -SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>41</sub> or -alk-SO<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>41</sub>;

 $R_{35}$  is hydrogen or alkyl;

R<sub>36</sub> is phenylalkyl, Het<sub>2</sub> or Ar<sub>2</sub>;

 $R_{37}$  and  $R_{38}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl; or

R<sub>37</sub> and R<sub>38</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;

R<sub>39</sub> and R<sub>40</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl, -COOalk, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, -alk-O-alk or hydroxyalkyl; or

R<sub>39</sub> and R<sub>40</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl, -COalk, -COOalk, -CO-NHalk, -CS-NHalk, oxo, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-O-alk or -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>41</sub> is alkyl, Ar<sub>2</sub> or Het<sub>2</sub>;

Ar<sub>2</sub> is phenyl, naphthyl or indenyl radical, these radicals optionally being substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, cyano, -CO-alk, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR<sub>42</sub>R<sub>43</sub>, -CO-NH-NR<sub>44</sub>R<sub>45</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, -alk-NR<sub>44</sub>R<sub>45</sub>, -NR<sub>44</sub>R<sub>45</sub>, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, Het<sub>2</sub>, -O-alk-NH-cycloalkyl, OCF<sub>3</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, -NH-CO-alk, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -HN-COCH<sub>3</sub>, -NH-COOalk or Het<sub>2</sub> or else on two adjacent carbon atoms by a dioxymethylene;

Het<sub>2</sub> is a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members and comprising one or more heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen optionally substituted by one or more alkyl, alkoxy, vinyl, halogen, alkoxycarbonyl, oxo, hydroxyl, OCF<sub>3</sub> or CF<sub>3</sub>, the nitrogenous heterocycles optionally being in their N-oxidized form;

 $R_{42}$  and  $R_{43}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl;

or

R<sub>42</sub> and R<sub>43</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;

R<sub>44</sub> and R<sub>45</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen, alkyl, -COOalk, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, -alk-O-alk or hydroxyalkyl; or

R<sub>44</sub> and R<sub>45</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl, -COalk, -COOalk, -CO-NHalk, -CS-NHalk, oxo, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-O-alk or -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>;

or C: wherein R is CHR<sub>46</sub>, wherein

 $R_{46}$  is  $-N(R_{47})R_{48}$ ,  $-N(R_{47})-CO-R_{48}$  or  $-N(R_{47})-SO_2R_{49}$ ;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>, which are identical or different, represent either an aryl chosen from phenyl, naphthyl and indenyl, wherein aryl being unsubstituted or substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, formyl, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, -CO-alk, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, -CO-NH-NR<sub>52</sub>R<sub>53</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl, hydroxyalkyl or -alk-NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub>; or a heteroaryl chosen from benzofuryl, benzothiazolyl, benzothienyl, benzoxazolyl, chromanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuryl, 2,3-dihydrobenzothienyl, furyl, imidazolyl, isochromanyl, isoquinolyl, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, quinolyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, thiazolyl and thienyl, wherein heteroaryl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CO-NH-NR<sub>52</sub>R<sub>53</sub>, -CONR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, -alk-NR<sub>52</sub>R<sub>53</sub>, alkylsulfanyl,

- alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfanylalkyl, alkylsulfinylalkyl, alkylsulfonylalkyl or hydroxyalkyl;
- $R_{47}$  is  $-C(R_{54})(R_{55})$ -Het<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>3</sub>,  $-C(R_{54})(R_{55})$ -Ar<sub>3</sub>, Ar<sub>3</sub>, cycloalkyl or norbornyl;
- $R_{48}$  is hydrogen or hydroxyalkyl, -alk-COOalk, -alk-CONR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, -alk-NR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, alkoxy; Ar<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Het<sub>3</sub> or alkyl, optionally substituted with one or more halogen;
- R<sub>49</sub> is hydroxyalkyl, -alk-COOalk, -alk-CONR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, -alk-NR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, alkoxy, Ar<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Het<sub>3</sub> or alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halogen;
- $R_{50}$  and  $R_{51}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl; or
- R<sub>50</sub> and R<sub>51</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;
- R<sub>52</sub> and R<sub>53</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl, -COOalk, cycloalkyl, alkylcycloalkyl, -alk-O-alk or hydroxyalkyl; or
- R<sub>52</sub> and R<sub>53</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl, -COalk, -COOalk, -CO-NHalk, -CS-NHalk, oxo, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-O-alk or -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>;
- $R_{54}$  is hydrogen, hydroxyalkyl, -alk-COOalk, -alk-CONR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, -alk-NR<sub>50</sub>R<sub>51</sub>, alkoxyalkyl, Ar<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Het<sub>3</sub> or alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halogen;
- $R_{55}$  is hydrogen or hydroxyalkyl, -alk-COOalk, -alk-CONR<sub>50</sub> $R_{51}$ , -alk-NR<sub>50</sub> $R_{51}$ , alkoxyalkyl or alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halogen; or

R<sub>54</sub> and R<sub>55</sub> taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic ring having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;

- Ar<sub>3</sub> is phenyl, naphthyl or indenyl, optionally being substituted by one or more halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, -CO-alk, cyano, -COOH, -COOalk, -CONR<sub>56</sub>R<sub>57</sub>, -CO-NH-NR<sub>58</sub>R<sub>59</sub>, alkylsulfanyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, -alk-NR<sub>58</sub>R<sub>59</sub>, -NR<sub>58</sub>R<sub>59</sub>, alkylthioalkyl, formyl, CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, Het<sub>3</sub>, -O-alk-NH-cycloalkyl, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, hydroxyl, hydroxyalkyl, -NHCOalk or -NHCOOalk or on 2 adjacent carbon atoms by dioxymethylene;
- Het<sub>3</sub> is a saturated or unsaturated and mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members and comprising one or more heteroatoms chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen optionally substituted by one or more alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, alkoxycarbonyl, oxo or hydroxyl, the nitrogenous heterocycles optionally being in their N-oxidized form;
- R<sub>56</sub> and R<sub>57</sub>, which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl radical; or
- R<sub>56</sub> and R<sub>57</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;
- $R_{58}$  and  $R_{59}$ , which are identical or different, independently are hydrogen or alkyl; or
- R<sub>58</sub> and R<sub>59</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated mono- or bicyclic heterocycle having 3 to 10 ring members optionally comprising another heteroatom chosen from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally being substituted by one or more alkyl;

alk is an alkyl or alkylene radical; and wherein

the alkyl, alkylene and alkoxy radicals have straight or branched chains and comprise 1 to 6 carbon atoms, the cycloalkyl radicals comprise 3 to 10 carbon atoms and the heterocycloalkyl and heterocyclenyl radicals comprise 3 to 10 carbon atoms; or an optical isomer thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. (currently presented) The combination composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound of formula (I) is chosen from the following compounds: N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(pyrid-3-yl)methylsulfonamide or N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(3,5-difluorophenyl)methylsulfonamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

## 3. - 9. (canceled)

10. (**currently presented**) The <del>combination</del> <u>composition</u> according to claim 1, wherein the <del>product which activates dopaminergic neurotransmission in the brain</del> <u>dopaminergic agonist</u> is levodopa and the CB1 antagonist is N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-methylsulfonamide.

#### 11. - 19. (canceled)

- 20. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more products which activate dopaminergic neurotransmission in the brain a dopaminergic agonist and one or more CB1 antagonists of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 in combination with a compatible and pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle.
- 21. (**original**) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20, wherein the compound of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 is chosen from the following compounds:

N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(pyrid-3-yl)methylsulfonamide, or

N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(3,5-difluorophenyl)methylsulfonamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

### 22. - 28. (canceled)

29. (currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20, wherein the product which activates dopaminergic neurotransmission in the brain dopaminergic agonist is levodopa and the CB1 antagonist is N-{1-[bis(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]azetidin-3-yl}-N-(3,5-difluorophenyl)methylsulfonamide.

## 30. - 34. (canceled)

- 35. (**original**) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20 for a simultaneous use, separate use or use spread out over time.
- 36. (**original**) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20 wherein the CB1 antagonist of formula (I) as defined in claim 1 is present in an amount of from about 0.1 mg to about 500 mg.